Lecture 19, Mar 3, 2022

Elastic Behaviour

- $F = -\frac{\mathrm{d}U}{\mathrm{d}r}$ where U(r) is the potential between atoms with respect to interatomic distance
- $\frac{\mathrm{d}U}{\mathrm{d}r}\Big|_{\substack{r=r_0\\r=r_0 \ \text{module}}} \propto E$
- Young's modulus E is *independent of structure* in the linear region, i.e. it only depends on the atoms of the solid
 - Note this is only applicable to metals
 - e.g. E for carbon steel ranges from 190 to 210 GPa; all steels have about the same stiffness, but some steels are stronger than others
- When a material is stretched beyond its elastic range, it will recover elastically with the same Young's modulus but won't return to the original length