

Lecture 10, Feb 3, 2022

Crystalline Structures

- Often structures have regular patterns and ordered packing, since this allows the atoms to get closer on average and have lower energy
- Crystalline structures are typical of metals, many ceramics, and some polymers
- Non-crystalline (amorphous) materials have no regular periodic pattern; this occurs when the material has complex structures or undergo rapid cooling so it doesn't have time to settle into patterns
- Metals tend to be densely packed since only one element is present so all radii are identical, bonding is nondirectional, so simple crystalline structures are formed
- Atomic packing factor (APF) is defined as the ratio of the volume of the atoms in a unit cell to the volume of the unit cell (assuming atoms are hard spheres)
- Types of crystalline structures for metals:
 - Simple cubic: close-packed directions are cube edges

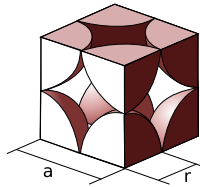


Figure 1: Simple cubic

- * Coordination number is 6; 1 atom per cell (8 corners of eighth atoms)
- * APF is $\frac{\frac{4}{3}\pi(0.5a)^3}{a^3} = 0.52$
- * Packing density is rather low, so this structure is rare (found in Po)
- Body centered cubic (BCC): Atoms touch along the cube diagonals (we still have a cube, but there's one big atom in the middle)

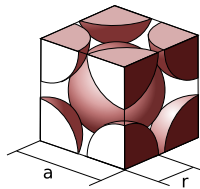


Figure 2: Body centered cubic

- * Coordination number is 8 (8 other atoms touch each one); 2 atoms per unit cell
- * APF is $\frac{2 \cdot \frac{4}{3}\pi\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}a\right)^3}{a^3} = 0.68$
- * Packing density is higher and is more commonly found, e.g. Cr, W, Fe(α)
- Face centered cubic (FCC): Atoms touch along the atomic diagonals
- * Coordination number is 12, 4 atoms per unit cell (6 faces of half atoms, 8 corners of eighth atoms)

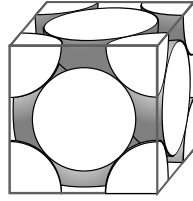


Figure 3: Face centered cubic

* APF is $\frac{4 \cdot \frac{4}{3}\pi \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}a\right)^3}{a^3} = 0.74$

* This is the theoretically maximum achievable APF

* We can visualize the face-centered packing as hexagonal packing in layers

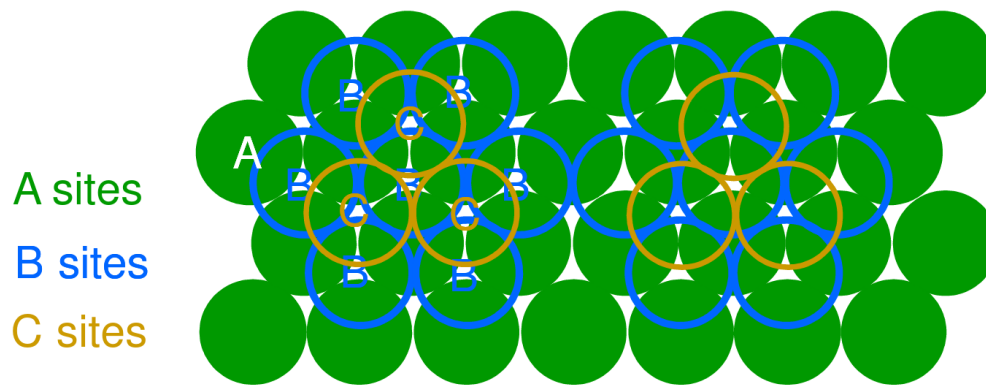


Figure 4: Hexagonal layers

*

* The diagonal of the unit cube is a plane of atoms

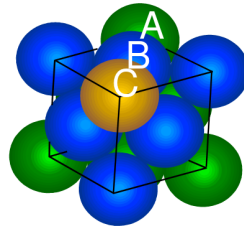


Figure 5: FCC hex unit cell

*

* (ABC) packing sequence

– Hexagonal close packing (HCP): (AB) packing sequence

*

* Unlike FCC there are only 2 types of layers; the third later is directly aligned with the first

* Same coordination number of 12, 6 atoms per unit cell, and same APF

* Found in materials such as Cd, Mg

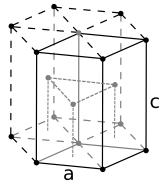


Figure 6: Hexagonal close packing